

include information for which confidentiality is requested under § 537.5(c)(7), is granted in accordance with section 505 of the Act and section 552(b) of Title 5 of the United States Code and is not subsequently released under paragraph (c) of this section in accordance with section 505 of the Act.

(b) *Denial of confidential treatment.* When the Administrator denies a manufacturer's request under § 537.5(c)(7) for confidential treatment of information, the Administrator gives the manufacturer written notice of the denial and reasons for it. Public disclosure of the information is not made until after the ten-day period immediately following the giving of the notice.

(c) *Release of confidential information.* After giving written notice to a manufacturer and allowing ten days, when feasible, for the manufacturer to respond, the Administrator may make available for public inspection any information submitted under this part that is relevant to a proceeding under the Act, including information that was granted confidential treatment by the Administrator pursuant to a request by the manufacturer under § 537.5(c)(7).

PART 538—MANUFACTURING INCENTIVES FOR ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES

Sec.

538.1 Scope.

538.2 Purpose.

538.3 Applicability.

538.4 Definitions.

538.5 Minimum driving range.

538.6 Measurement of driving range.

538.7 Petitions for reduction of minimum driving range.

538.8 Gallon Equivalents for Gaseous Fuels.

538.9 Dual fuel vehicle incentive.

AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. 32901, 32905, and 32906; delegation of authority at 49 CFR 1.50.

SOURCE: 61 FR 14511, Apr. 2, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§ 538.1 Scope.

This part establishes minimum driving range criteria to aid in identifying passenger automobiles that are dual-fueled automobiles. It also establishes gallon equivalent measurements for gaseous fuels other than natural gas.

This part also extends the dual-fuel incentive program.

[69 FR 7703, Feb. 19, 2004]

§ 538.2 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to specify one of the criteria in 49 U.S.C. chapter 329 "Automobile Fuel Economy" for identifying dual-fueled passenger automobiles that are manufactured in model years 1993 through 2004. The fuel economy of a qualifying vehicle is calculated in a special manner so as to encourage its production as a way of facilitating a manufacturer's compliance with the Corporate Average Fuel Economy Standards set forth in part 531 of this chapter. The purpose is also to establish gallon equivalent measurements for gaseous fuels other than natural gas. This part also specifies the model years after 2004 in which the fuel economy of dual-fueled automobiles may be calculated under the special incentive provisions found in 49 U.S.C. 32905(b) and (d).

[69 FR 7703, Feb. 19, 2004]

§ 538.3 Applicability.

This part applies to manufacturers of automobiles.

§ 538.4 Definitions.

(a) *Statutory terms.* (1) The terms *alternative fuel*, *alternative fueled automobile*, and *dual fueled automobile*, are used as defined in 49 U.S.C. 32901(a).

(2) The terms *automobile* and *passenger automobile*, are used as defined in 49 U.S.C. 32901(a), and in accordance with the determinations in part 523 of this chapter.

(3) The term *manufacturer* is used as defined in 49 U.S.C. 32901(a)(13), and in accordance with part 529 of this chapter.

(4) The term *model year* is used as defined in 49 U.S.C. 32901(a)(15).

(b)(1) Other terms. The terms *average fuel economy*, *fuel economy*, and *model type* are used as defined in subpart A of 40 CFR part 600.

(2) The term *EPA* means the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

§ 538.5 Minimum driving range.

(a) The minimum driving range that a passenger automobile must have in